l. X. Numb. 20.

THE OBSERVATOR.

Marquis de Guiſcard's *ſtabbing Mr.* Harley *in a Committee of Council. The way how Criminals are to be try'd by the Lord Steward, and puniſh'd. The ſeeming neceſſity of lamations, to baniſh Papiſts from about the City and Court, of clearing the Town of Jaco- Nonjurants and idle Perſons, and of ſuppreſſing Jacobite and Popiſh Conventicles, to pre- the* French *Faction from involving us in Blood and Flames.*

From Wedneſday, March 7. to Saturday, March 10. 1711.

m. I Have a dreadful Story to tell you, Maſter: Thurſday laſt in the Afternoon, the Marquis *de Guiſcard*, a *French* Papiſt, was taken up in by a Warrant for High Treaſon, and a- ur a Clock carry'd to the Office of the Honourable Mr. Secretary *St. John* in the where he was examin'd by a Committee ncil; and during his Examination ſtab'd ht Honourable *Robert Harley* Eſq; one of ds Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, with ife in the Right Breaſt, which, by good nce, hitting againſt a Bone, broke. The s Aſſaſſin deſign'd to have repeated the ith the broken Knife: The Surprize of caſion'd one of the Privy Counſellors to s Sword, and wound the Marquiſs. Mr. Wound was immediately dreſs'd, and the the Knife left in his Body taken out; ſo hop'd he's in no Danger, having reſted ce. The Aſſaſſin was likewiſe dreſs'd, and er a Guard to *Newgate*, ſuch Precautions ken as he may have no opportunity to himſelf, in order to prevent a Diſcovery. Maſter, let me have your Thoughts of this e Attempt, and what Puniſhment the As- s incur'd by Law.

'Tis a Crime of ſuch a nature, and atten- h ſuch Circumſtances, *Roger*, as I doubt ute Law has neither a Name nor a Puniſh- equate to it; tho with ſubmiſſion to bet- gments, I ſuppoſe by the Common Law it High Treaſon: for common Senſe tells 'tis an Attempt upon the Sovereign Power k a Privy Counſellor in Council, where ereign is always ſuppos'd to be preſent in or by Commiſſion; but ſince ſuch a helliſh as this, is for any thing I know unprece- that a ſingle Criminal, without any viſi s, ſhould attack Privy Counſellors that under Examination, 'tis no wonder that has made no ſufficient Proviſion againſt uch a thing as this could ſcarce enter into gination of Men. However to me it plain Proof of the High Treaſon with e was charg'd in the Warrant; for had been convicted of that by his own Con- no body can think he would have been ſo e. This aggravates his Crime, *Roger*; e muſt reaſonably ſuppoſe he made this of Attempt, on purpoſe to fail in the prevent his being brought to legal Puniſh- r his being under any neceſſity of making very. He had reaſon to think that after ſtab'd one, ſome of the reſt, who ſat next, draw and kill him, to prevent his doing Miſchief, ſince no body would venture to upon a Man with a Penknife in his hand; vidence has order'd it otherwiſe, which I hear is owing to the Wiſdom of a noble Duke, and we wiſh he may live to make a full Diſcovery. 'Twas the Goodneſs of God, that this Deſperado had no opportunity to murder her Majeſty; for one that puts ſo little Value upon his own Life, has that of any other Perſon in his power to whom he can have Acceſs: and conſidering that he was formerly to be imploy'd in an Expedition againſt *France*, to aſſiſt the *Camiſars*, he had Acceſs no doubt to her Majeſty, and a Man of his Quality might certainly have had it frequently; ſo that the Goodneſs of God is viſible in preſerving her ſacred Perſon.

Countrym. Certainly there's a Law, Maſter, againſt thoſe who beat or wound any body within the Verge of the Palace; can you give me no Account of it?

Obſ. There is ſuch a Law, *Roger*, but that does not come up to the point in hand, to make him ſuffer as a Traitor. The 12th of the 36th of *H.*8. enacts, that in caſe of malicious ſtriking within the Verge of the Palace, by which Blood is ſhed, the Lord Steward of the Houſhold may ſummon twenty four of the Yeomen of the Houſhold to enquire of ſuch Crimes, and cauſe any number of them above twelve, as he ſhall think meet, to be return'd, to enquire into the Crime before himſelf, or in his Abſence before the Treaſurer, Comptroller and Steward of the Marſhelſea, or before two of them; and upon the Indictment's being found, or certify'd by the Coroner of the Houſhold, he may ſummon another Jury of twenty four of the Servants and Gentlemen of the King's Chamber, and cauſe any twelve of them to be return'd, without any manner of Challenge, except for Malice, to try the Cauſe; and upon the Perſon's being found guilty, his Right Hand is to be ſtruck off, he is to be impriſon'd during Life, and to pay Fine and Ranſom at the pleaſure of the Sovereign, his Heirs or Succeſſors.

The Solemnity for cutting off the Hand of ſuch Criminals being very remarkable, I will give it you briefly as follows, *Roger*. 1. The chief Surgeon is to attend to ſear the Stump. 2. The Serjeant of the Pantry is to give the Criminal Bread. 3. The Serjeant of the Cellar is to give him Red Wine. 4. The Serjeant of the Eury is to attend with Clothes ſufficient for the Surgeon. 5. The Yeoman of the Chandry is to attend with ſear'd Clothes. 6. The Maſter Cook is to bring a Dreſſing Knife. 7. And deliver at the place of Execution to the Serjeant of the Larder; who, 8. is to hold it upright till Execution be done. 9. The Serjeant of the Poultry is to attend with a Cock, for the Surgeon to wrap about the Stump when the Hand is cut off. 10. The Yeoman of the Scullery is to make a Fire, and heat the Searing-Irons. 11. The Serjeant Ferror is to bring the hot Searing-Irons to the Surgeon. 12. The Groom

of

of the Salcery is to attend with Vinegar and cold Water till Execution be done. 13. The Serjeant of the Woodyard is to bring a Block, with a Beetle, a Staple and Cords, to bind the Hand upon the Block during the Execution. If the Criminal ſtand mute, and refuſe to plead, he is to be deem'd guilty, and puniſh'd accordingly.

Countrym. This Solemnity is enough to make the Aſſaſſin's heart ake, Maſter; but I hope he will meet with a Puniſhment as proportionable to his Crime, as the utmoſt Rigour of the Law will allow, and that this unprecedented Attempt will occaſion a new Law to make it Death, as the cutting off of Sir *John Coventry*'s Noſe in the Reign of King *Charles* II. occaſion'd one to make ſuch inhuman Practices Death for time to come.

Obſ. I hope ſo too, *Roger*: There was never more need of good Laws, or of putting thoſe we have duly in execution than now, eſpecially againſt Papiſts, with whom ſo many of our Highflying Faction join'd laſt Winter in Rebellion againſt Queen and Parliament, and are ſo ready for a Coalition with 'em at all times in Deſigns againſt our Religion and Government. There are few People ſo much Strangers to Converſation, but have heard that Gentleman who ſo narrowly eſcap'd being murder'd, curs'd and rail'd upon by both thoſe ſorts of People, becauſe they think he ſtands in the way of their extravagant Deſigns. Every body has heard of his late Treatment in a certain place, the very Dignity of which, one would think, ſhould ſecure any Man from ſuch Affronts; but their Malice and Expectations are rais'd ſo high by ſome late Events well enough known, that the Government ſeems to be under a neceſſity of putting an effectual Curb upon them. For my part, I can aſcribe it to nothing but the Goodneſs of God, that we have not had more of this ſtabbing Work, ſince the Ferment that was induſtriouſly rais'd laſt Winter, is ſtill kept up by the ſame Artifices, to make one half of the Nation cut one another's throats. The Peace of the Kingdom muſt needs be in danger, when burning and rifling of Meeting-Houſes, *&c.* aſſaulting Lords and Commons during their Attendance on Parliament, Tumults in our Streets, knocking down of People, battering of Doors and Windows, and forcing Illuminations on ſeditious Accounts, are transform'd into meritorious pieces of Service for the Church: when Elections for Parliament have been avowedly carry'd on by Mobs, and honeſt Gentlemen who ſtood Candidates were aſſaulted and threaten'd to be murder'd, on pretence of ſupporting the Church and the Crown: and when profeſs'd Jacobites and Papiſts have been ſo active in all thoſe Diſorders, and Deſigns openly ſet on foot to caſt the Odium of 'em upon thoſe call'd Low-Churchmen and Diſſenters.

Countrym. Ay, Maſter, and I think we may ſay without fear of Aggravation, that we have reaſon to wonder there has not been more ſtabbing Work, when the *Examiner* and other Libellers of his ſtamp, have branded many of the greateſt and beſt Men in the Nation, by falſe Accuſations, on purpoſe to expoſe 'em to the Fury of the Popiſh and High-Church Mob; and particularly the Duke of *Marlborough* and the late Miniſtry. We have had ſtabbing of Things with a vengeance, Maſter: The Revolution has been ſtab'd as Rebellion; her Majeſty's Title, and that of *Hanover*, as Uſurpation; the Toleration of Diſſenters as encouraging a Rebellion like that of *Corah*; and making Queen and Parliament liable to a double Load of Damnation, according to *Sacheverel*'s *Derby*-Ser-

mon. The Union has been ſtab'd, for [illegible] eſtabliſhing the *Hanover* Succeſſion, [illegible] Church of *Scotland*, in favour of a Set of [illegible] ſome of whom have abjur'd the Pretender [illegible] forgot him, and others avowedly pray [illegible] The Reputation of all our Confederates [illegible] ſtab'd by venomous Libels, and ſuch [illegible] upon Princes, States, and Conſtitutions, [illegible] contrary to the Law of Nations: ſo that [illegible] remains nothing more for the Faction to [illegible] Perſons. Therefore I hope, Maſter, that [illegible] clamations againſt Papiſts, Nonjurants, [illegible] cobites, will be thought ſeaſonable; for [illegible] evident that the Town abounds with them [illegible] with many other looſe People that can [illegible] good account of themſelves. We might [illegible] learn'd by former Aſſaſſination and Inv[illegible] how dangerous 'tis to let our good Laws [illegible] for want of Execution. Laſt Winter's Re[illegible] may teach us how eaſy 'tis for ſuch ca[illegible] Wretches upon the leaſt encouragement to [illegible] us in Blood and Flames; which tho they may [illegible] unforeſeen Accidents to others, there's too [illegible] reaſon to ſuſpect were actually contriv'd [illegible] *French* Court and their Faction here.

Obſ. What you ſay I take to be very [illegible] ble; therefore I hope it will be conſider'd, [illegible] otherwiſe we may be in very great danger, [illegible] eaſy for the *French* King and the Court of [illegible] *mains* to have Officers and Soldiers here [illegible] guiſe, to ſet the City on fire, as the Pa[illegible] formerly, and during the Conſternation to [illegible] ſuch as ſhall be pointed out to them. The[illegible] are Deſperado's capable of attempting this [illegible] manifeſt hazard of their own Lives, is [illegible] nough from the Aſſaſſination-Plots again[illegible] *William* and Queen *Mary*, from the *Sa*[illegible] Tumults laſt Winter and ſince, and [illegible] preſent unheard of Attempt. With ha[illegible] more eaſe then may they do it, if the Fr[illegible] another Invaſion headed by the Pretende[illegible] our Armies are in the Field, and the I[illegible] ſufficiently provided with regular Troop[illegible] have had Warnings enough to be upon our[illegible] therefore, *Roger*, I not only hope with Sa[illegible] to our Superiours, that ſuch Proclamation[illegible] ſpeak of will be iſſu'd, but that care will [illegible] to ſuppreſs Popiſh and Jacobite Conventi[illegible] the Iſland, that ſuſpected Houſes be ſear[illegible] Arms, and that the Chappels of foreign [illegible] dors ſhall not be frequented by her Majeſty[illegible] jects as if they were Pariſh-Churches, to [illegible] verſion of hundreds, and to the promoting [illegible] Coalition which ſo many of our flaming [illegible] Prieſts aim at with the Church of *Rome*. [illegible] ſatisfy'd that no reaſonable foreign Miniſt[illegible] take ſuch a precaution to be any Infraction [illegible] the Law of Nations or their own Privileges [illegible] 'tis no more than what is practis'd at the [illegible] of their Maſters with reſpect to Proteſtan[illegible] niſters.

ADVERTISEMENT.

†‡† King *WILLIAM*'s Affection to the [illegible] of *England* conſider'd. Sold by *S. Popping* [illegible] noſter-Row. Price 6*d.*

A Treatiſe de Jure Divino; aſſerting, That [illegible] of the Houſe of Hanover to the contingent Succ[illegible] the Britiſh Monarchy, is a Title Hereditary, [illegible] vine Inſtitution. Written by Mr. Aſgill. [illegible]

Dick and Tom, a Dialogue about Addreſſes [illegible] 2 d. Sold by S. Popping.

†‡† The Danger of the Church inquir'd [illegible] Price 2 *d.* Sold by *A. Baldwin* in *Warwick-Lane*.

LONDON Printed, and Sold by S. Popping at the *Raven* in *Pater-noſter*[illegible]
Where Advertiſements are taken in.

PPPPP

Numb. 1927.

The Daily Courant.

Thurſday, March 8. 1711.

From the Leiden Gazette, dated March 6.

Naples, February 10.

COUNT Borromeo our Viceroy, has directed the Magiſtrates of this City call'd the Eletti, to procure Corn and other Proviſions to be brought hither by Sea, the Roads by Land being almoſt impracticable by the Snows which fall in abundance: In the mean time Corn is at a very high Price, as is alſo Salt in Proportion. A Frenchman who came to Capua without a Paſſport, is brought Priſoner hither and put into the old Caſtle; and two Perſons of the Families of Caraffa and Curbitz are alſo brought hither, for holding ſecret Intelligence at Rome, to the Prejudice of our Regency. New Cloathing is making for the 5000 Foot which are to be ſent to Barcelona, together with the two Regiments of Horſe of Don Ferdinand Pignatelli and Don Ceſar de Gaeta; and the Chevalier Pallavicini, is ſhortly expected here from Sardinia, with the two Ships of War he commanded to convoy the Tranſports with thoſe Troops.

Feb. 14. Commiſſaries are ſent into the Provinces of our Duke's Dominions, to levy a certain Number of Soldiers, his Royal Highneſs having reſolv'd to have on foot the enſuing Campaign a more numerous Army than in former Years. Preparations are making for his Royal Highneſs's Entry: And Cloth with other Materials is diſtributed to divers Taylors of this City to make new Cloathing for 15000 Foot. The Duke has ſent to Caſtiglione, which is one of the Places of the Milaneze granted him by the Emperour, 2 Counſellors, 2 Auditors, 40 Sbirri, and 2 Companies of Foot, to reaſon the Chapter of the Cathedral of that Place, who refuſe to admit a Perſon nominated by his Royal Highneſs to fill a vacant Benefice at Mantua. Mean while, the Biſhop of Novarra claims the Place of the Milaneze made over to his Highneſs, claims a Right of Soveraignty over the City of his Dioceſs; and has actually exiled the Chevalier Grondana, firſt Magiſtrate of the ſaid Town, together with all other Officers depending on his Royal Highneſs, becauſe his Royal Highneſs would have introduced a certain Cuſtom there on his Part: The Biſhop has likewiſe ordered all the Churches there to be ſhut up.

From the Amſterdam Gazette, dated March 6.

Petersburgh, March 6. Letters from Dantzick of the 22d of February run in the following Terms. That Peace ſtill on the Dniefter, and 'tis currently reported that the Turks will ſuſpend Hoſtilities upon the Return of a Courier whom they have ſent to the Czar, to make to him ſome Propoſitions of Accommodation. In the mean time they continue their Preparations by Sea and Land. They have already built 4 Bridges over the Danube, and have order'd the Hoſpodars of Walachia and Moldavia to ſend thither a great Number of Horſes for the Artillery, to draw the Artillery. On the other ſide the Czar neglects nothing, not only to oppoſe the Enterprizes of his Enemies, but likewiſe to keep the Field before them: He cauſes Troops to march from all Quarters towards the Dniefter, there to form an Army of about 100000 Men of regular Troops, beſides thoſe of Poland. The Troops which had their Quarters in Livonia and Samogitia, are already in Motion towards Kiow; and at Kiolle a great Number of Sleds are brought together, for the Service of the Infantry which is coming from Moſcow. Orders have been likewiſe given to the Tartars of Circaſſia, as alſo to the Coſſacks and Calmucks, to draw together aſſoon as poſſible; to make a Diverſion againſt the Tartars of Budziak. Letters from Lemberg aſſure us, that the Count de Siniawski great General of the Crown, had written to the new Seraskier Baſhaw of Bender, to congratulate him on his Promotion to that Government, and to ask him the real Intentions of the Porte concerning Poland; inſinuating at the ſame time, that if the Turks will abſolutely enter into War, they muſt expect to have to deal with not only the Muſcovite and Poliſh Forces, but likewiſe thoſe of other Potentates of Chriſtendom, who by Virtue of Treaties with the Republick, will be oblig'd to break with the Turks, &c.

'Tis advis'd from Saxony the 25th of February, that the Cardinal of Saxe-Zeits, who continues at Dreſden, had receiv'd an Expreſs from Vienna, giving an Account that the War in Hungary was on the Point of being terminated: That Prince Ragotski had actually given Orders to his Adherents to lay down their Arms; and that Prince Eugene was employing his good Offices to procure for them favourable Conditions. We impatiently expect a Confirmation of this News, which may have a great Influence on the Affairs of Turkey.

They add from Saxony, that the Account formerly ſent from Berlin of M. Pfingſten's being executed at Dreſden, is not true; he being ſtill a Priſoner in the Caſtle of Sonnenſtein, as is alſo M. Imhof.

Some Letters from Brabant, ſay the Saxon Troops will continue in the Netherlands, and that none of them will be detach'd to Germany as had formerly been advis'd: That the greateſt Part of the Troops of the Allies are recruited, and will ſhortly take the Field: And that 10000 Men are order'd to march from Brabant towards Tournay, to canton proviſionally along the Schelde.

From the Paris Gazette, dated Feb. 28.

Paris, Feb. 28. Letters from Toulon of the 13th of this Month adviſe, that the King's Ship call'd the Cheval Marin, had taken an Engliſh Ship laden with 650 Barrils of Herrings and 110 Pigs of Lead, valued at 30000 Livres. They write from Caen the 20th Inſtant, that Henry le Boucher, Seigneur de Verdun, died there the 18th, aged a Hundred and fifteen Years Four Months and Thirteen Days, being born the 5th of October 1595. He had never any Indiſpoſition, nor ever took any Phyſick. He might have lived longer, but for a Fall that ſhorten'd his Days. In 1624 he was admitted Counſellor of the Bailliage and Preſidial of Caen, and he became Dean of thoſe Counſellors Thirty nine Years ago. His Father was likewiſe Dean of the ſaid Counſellors, and enjoy'd his Office Seventy two Years, dying in the Hundred and eighth Year of his Age. His Son, Jacques le Boucher, was admitted a Counſellor Forty two Years ago, and is Seventy three Years old.

Plymouth, March 4. Yeſterday arriv'd the Peter and Mary of and for London with Wine from Vians, and 6 Dutch Ships with Wine from Bourdeaux, and one from St. Martin's.

Harwich, March 6. On Sunday the Eagle Packet-Boat ſail'd hence with two Mails for Holland and 100 Recruits for Flanders. Sail'd ſome laden Colliers for the River. Came down ſeveral Tranſport-Ships to embark Horſes for her Majeſty's Service in Flanders, &c.

Deal, March 6. Her Majeſty's Ships Ruby and Saphire with two Tranſports ſail'd Yeſterday in the Afternoon, but are all forc'd back by contrary Winds. There are in the Downes the Kent, Eſſex, and Kingſton.

Penſionary, and other Miniſters. The Lord Townſhend intends to imbark ſuddenly for England, and the Lord Raby, who is to ſucceed him, is expected in a Fortnight or 3 Weeks. The States have reſolved to ſet on Foot ſome Conferences for adjuſting the Differences between the King of Pruſſia and the Prince of Naſſau Friezland, about the Succeſſion of Orange, and the ſame are to begin the 25th inſtant. Letters from Conſtantinople of the 10th of January ſay, that notwithſtanding the Turks continue their Preparations with all poſſible ſpeed, they cannot take the Field till the beginning of June at the ſooneſt.

Briſtol, March 10. Thurſday laſt being Her Majeſty's Proclamation Day, was uſher'd in with ringing of Be[ll]s

INquiry is made for an Apartment ſhed, in a good Houſe having Fiſhponds ated on a River in Hartfordſhire. An Acco Mr Joſeph Bawler, at the Phœnix in Jewin-ſtreet gate, London.

To all Lovers of Painting,

MR Vander Vaart being obliged to his Houſe at Lady-Day, and intending nets, and diſpoſe of his Collection of Pictures, Hiſtory-Pieces and Landskips, together with ſome Life, done by the ſaid Mr Vander Vaart, and other as alſo ſeveral Portraits of Perſons of Quality, and Mr Willing and Mr Caſaubon, both deceaſed; the by Auction to morrow being the 14th Inſtant, at Houſe, next the New Buildings, in Henrietta-ſtreet where Catalogues may be had, and the Pictures

ſair, in order to bring it to an Accommodation; and the Prince has accordingly been deſired to ſend Commiſſioners hither, to aſſiſt on his part at thoſe Conferences, which are to be open'd the 25th Inſtant. My Lord Townſhend having receiv'd his Letters of Revocation, is preparing to embark with the firſt opportunity for England; and my Lord Raby, whom her Majeſty has appointed to ſucceed him, is expected here in a Fortnight or three Weeks time.

The Truſtees choſen by the Subſcribers to the Loan of 250000 l. to his Imperial Majeſty do hereby give Notice, That on Monday next the 19th Inſtant, they will pay at the Bank of England to each Proprietor of the ſaid Loan, or to ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall be lawfully Deputed thereunto, four per Cent. for Half a Year's Intereſt that was due the 7th Inſtant, upon 100000 l. Principal Mony then unpaid; and alſo Twenty per Cent. being the Fourth fifth Part of the Principal Mony due the ſame Day.

The Court of Directors of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the Eaſt-Indies do hereby give Notice, That a General Court of the ſaid Company will be holden at the Eaſt-India Houſe in Leadenhall-ſtreet, London, on Tueſday the 27th of this Inſtant March, at 10 a-Clock in the Forenoon, the ſame being a Quarterly Court. That a General Court of the General Society will be holden at the ſame Place on the ſame Day; That the Transfer Books of the ſaid Company will be ſhut up from Saturday the 24th Inſtant, to Wedneſday the 25th of April next; And that the Warrants for the Quarterly Annuity, due at Lady-Day next, will be ready to be deliver'd to the Adventurers on Wedneſday the 2d of May next.

The Court of Aſſiſtants of the Governor and Company of Copper Miners in England do hereby give Notice, that a general Court of the Members of the ſaid Company will be held at Salter's Hall in St. Sweeting's-Lane, London, on Thurſday the 29th Inſtant, at 4 in the Afternoon, to chuſe a Governor, Deputy-Governor, and Aſſiſtants.

Advertiſements.

DEſerted from the Company lately Commanded by Lieutenant-Colonel Scawen (now by Capt. Parſons) in her Majeſty's Coldſtream Regiment of Foot-Guards, James Storges, a Sawyer, aged 30 Years, 5 Foot 8 Inches high, wears a brown bob Wig, round Viſage, freſh Complexion, with one Ankle bending inwards: Alſo Matthew Smith, an Iriſh Man, by Trade a Fellmonger, aged 35 Years, of the ſame height, a ſanguine Complexion, and light curl'd Hair inclined to ſandy: Alſo Richard Beedell, a Shoemaker, of the ſame height, wears a light brown bob Wig, of a pale Complexion, and down Look. Whoever can ſecure all or either of them, and gives Notice to Mr. France at the Tiltyard Coffee-Houſe againſt Whitehall, ſhall have two Guineas Reward for each: Or if they will return to their Colours in 14 Days, they ſhall be kindly Entertain'd and Pardon'd.

THIS is to acquaint all Gentlemen and others, That the true Original ſo much famed Strops for ſetting Razors, Penknives, Lancets, &c. or any other fine cutting Inſtruments, to a moſt exquiſite, fine and ſmooth Edge, and poliſhing them to an Extraordinary Brightneſs; are ſold only for the Author at John's Coffee-houſe in Swithing's Alley near the Royal Exchange, at 1 s. each, with Directions neatly fixed upon the back of each of them. N. B. The ſame Strops are now likewiſe ſold only in Holland by Mr. Jean van de Wall, at his Coffee houſe called the Bird of Paradiſe behind the Exchange in Amſterdam, with Directions in Engliſh, Dutch and French. Price 1 s. 8 d. each.

NOtice is hereby given by the Truſtees in whom the Eſtate and Effects of Meſſieurs Coggs and Dann are veſted, by virtue of a late Act of Parliament, That on Tueſday the 20th Day of this Inſtant March, at 4 of the Clock in the Afternoon, in New-Inn Hall in the Pariſh of St. Clement's Danes in the County of Middleſex, ſeveral Houſes held by Leaſe, with about 30 Acres of Land lying at Hampſtead in Middleſex, Tokenhouſe-yard in London, and Henrietta-ſtreet, Covent-Garden, and ſeveral Ground Rents at Mile-end and near Eſſex-ſtreet in the ſaid Pariſh of St. Clement's Danes, late the Eſtates of the ſaid Meſſieurs Coggs and Dann, will then be Sold to the beſt Purchaſer. Particulars whereof may be had of Mr. Beſtland, at his Houſe in Chancery-lane.

IF there be any Perſons to whom the Right Honourable Lewis late Earl of Feverſham was Indebted, that are not as yet ſatisfied their Debts, they are deſired to apply themſelves forthwith to Mr. Meale, Attorney at Law, in Stanhope-ſtreet, where they will receive full Satisfaction for their juſt Demands from the ſaid late Earl's Executors.

TO be Sold an Eſtate of 350 l. per Annum, of Lupton, well Situated, with a Proſpect lying in the Pariſh of Brixham near Dartmouth of Devon, with a good Dwelling-Houſe, well ed, with all manner of convenient Outhouſes Particular whereof may be had of Mr. William chant, in Great St. Helens, London, or of Mr. his Chambers in Gray's Inn.

BOhea Tea, bought on Tueſday laſt at the of equal goodneſs with moſt of the Boiled 20 s. a Pound. Chocolate made of the beſt Pound; Chocolate made of Cracco and Mariner a Pound, both cleanly made, and fine ground. Fary, Druggiſt, in Gracechurch-ſtreet.

THere is lately arrived from Leghorne a parcel beroſe Roots, and are to be Sold by Wholeſ very reaſonable Rates, by Charles Blackwell, Flowriſt at the King's Head near Fetter-lane London; where any Perſon may be Accommodated of Fruit, ever Green, and Flowring Trees; alſo ly Flower, Artichoke, and Sparrow-graſs Plants able Rates; and ſeveral Sorts of Seeds to Printed Directions how to manage them.

WHereas Mary the Wife of Thomas Sy of St. Martins in the Fields, in the Liberty ſter, hath eloped from her ſaid Husband; Notice, that he will not pay any Debts ſhe the Publication hereof.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Richard Sanders, of Lambeth in the Co Founder, having made an Aſſignment of the ſaid to Mr. William Warren, of Black-Friars, Merchant; all Perſons indebted to the ſaid have any Goods or other Effects of his in forthwith to pay and deliver the ſame to the or to Mr. John Campion, Attorney at Law in ings in Chancery-lane, London, or they will

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of againſt Edward Ebden, of Red Lyon-Square of Middleſex, Merchant, intend to meet on the 9 in the Forenoon, at John's Coffee-houſe London; where the ſaid Ebden will attend to finiſh his Examination; and all his Creditors prepared to prove their Debts, pay their Con and aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of and to chuſe another Aſſignee with him already the Freehold Eſtate not yet aſſigned.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is John Blackwell, of London, Leatherſeller declared a Bankrupt, is required to ſurrender himſ miſſioners on the 19th and 26th Inſtant, and on next, at 3 in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London which Sittings the Creditors are to come prepared Debts, pay their Contribution-mony, and chuſe

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is Rupert Wiſe, of New Windſor in the Co Mercer, and he being declared a Bankrupt, render himſelf to the Commiſſioners on the ſtant, and on the 12th of April next, (and no was incerted in the Gazette of Saturday laſt) ternoon, at Guildhall, London; at the firſt the Creditors are to come prepared to prove Contribution mony, and chuſe Aſſignees.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of againſt Michael Miles, late of London, to meet on the 11th of April next, at 4 in the Guildhall, London, to make a Dividend of the Eſtate; when and where the Creditors who proved their Debts, and paid their Contribution come prepared to do the ſame, or they will Benefit of the ſaid Dividend.

WHereas James Taylor, of London, ſurrendred himſelf (purſuant to Notice examined; this is to give Notice, that he will miſſioners on the 26th of March Inſtant, at at Guildhall, London, to finiſh his Examination Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Contribution-mony, and aſſent to or diſſent ance of his Certificate.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in a Bankrupt awarded againſt Thomas Wilſon Pariſh of St. Giles's in the Fields, in the County Victualler, have certified to the Rt. Hon. Sir Lord Keeper of the Great Seal of Great Britain in all things conformed himſelf according to the late Acts of Parliament made concerning is to give Notice, that his Certificate will be firmed as the ſaid Acts direct, unleſs Cauſe contrary on or before the 3d of April next.

LOST the 3d Inſtant from Maidenhead about 6 Years old, 14 Hands high, a head, a cut Tail, and the Mane newly rubb'd off on both ſides of the Neck near gives Notice of him, ſo as he may be Rance at Maidenhead, or to David Jones jeant at Brentford, ſhall have a Guinea Charges.

STolen the 23d of February laſt, out of chard Whincop, of Sponhall in Suffolk, 16 Hands high, full aged, a Star in his and goeth ſtiff behind. Whoever can give he may be had again, to Mr. Whincop Whincop of Haleſworth, or Mr. Rabett, Noſtet Row, London, ſhall have a Guinea

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